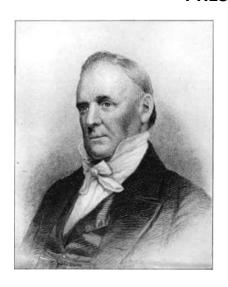
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION 1856



James Buchanan

Democratic

From: Pennsylvania

Running mate: John C. Breckinridge

Electoral vote: 174 States carried: 19

Popular vote: 1,836,072

Percentage: 45.3%



John C. Fremont

Republican

From: California

Running mate: William L. Dayton

Electoral vote: 114 States carried: 11

Popular vote: 1,342,345

Percentage: 33.1%



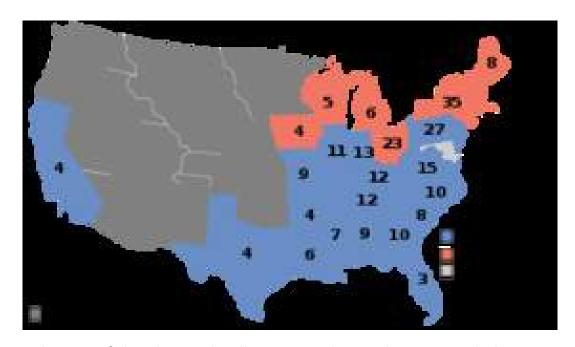
Millard Fillmore

American Party From: New York

Running mate: Andrew J. Donelson

Electoral vote: 8
States carried: 1

Popular vote: 873,053 Percentage: 21.5%



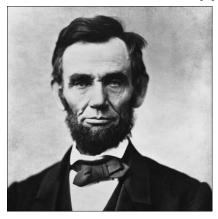
296 electoral votes of the Electoral College. 149 electoral votes needed to win.

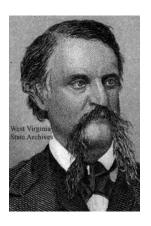
Buchanan won the blue states. Red denotes those won by Fremont and white denotes those won by Fillmore

How many years had the United States of America been in existence? ______

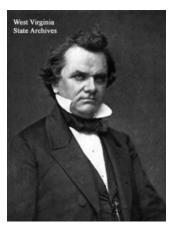
How many states in the Union?
The Whig Party, which had been since the 1830's been one of the two major parties in the U.S., had disintegrated. New parties, such as the Republican Party (strongly against slavery's expansion) and American, or "Know-Nothing" Party (which ignored slavery and instead emphasized anti-immigration and anti-Catholic policies), competed to replace the Democratic Party.
Review and compare the number of states, electoral votes, and popular votes won by each candidate. Express your opinion to explain the results.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION 1860









Abraham Lincoln

Republican From: Illinois

Running mate: Hannibal Hamlin

Electoral vote: 180 States carried: 18

Popular vote: 1,865,908

Percentage: 39.8%

John C. Breckinridge

Southern Democratic

From: Kentucky

Running mate: Joseph Lane

Electoral vote: 72 States carried: 11 Popular vote: 848,019

Percentage: 18.1%

James Bell

Constitutional Union Party

From: Tennessee

Running mate: Edward Everett

Electoral vote: 39 States carried: 3

Popular vote: 590,901 Percentage: 12.6%

Stephen A. Douglas

Norther Democratic

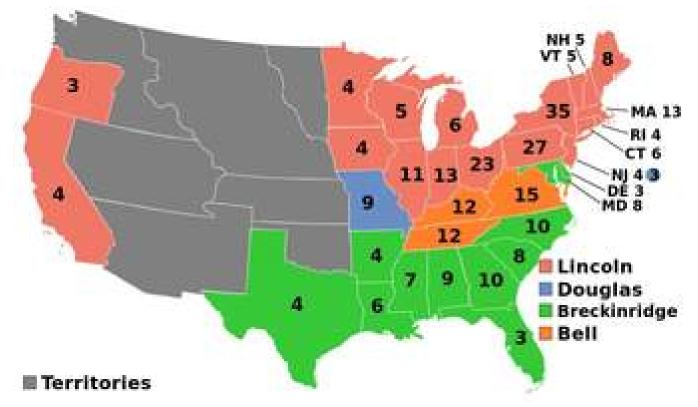
From: Illinois

Running mate: Herschel V. Johnson

Electoral vote: 12 States carried: 1

Popular vote: 1,389,202

Percentage: 20.5%



303 electoral votes of the Electoral College. 152 electoral votes needed to win.

How many states in the Union?

This election marked the end of the South's political dominance over the nation. Between 1789 and 1860, Southerners had been President for two-thirds of the time, and had held offices of Speaker of the House and President pro tem of the Senate during much of that time. Moreover, since 1791, Southerners had comprised a majority of the Supreme Court. Within four months before Lincoln's inauguration, seven Southern slave-holding states declared their secession from the Union and formed the Confederate States of America, with the new capital being placed in Montgomery, Alabama.

What fastates?	What factors allowed Lincoln to win the election with little support from the southern states?					

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION 1864



Abraham Lincoln

National Union Party

From: Illinois

Running mate: Andrew Johnson

Electoral vote: 212 States carried: 22 (+2) Popular vote: 2,218,388 Percentage: 55.0%



George B. McClellan

Democratic

From: New Jersey

Running mate: George H. Pendleton

Electoral vote: 21 States carried: 3

Popular vote: 1,812,807 Percentage: 45.0%



Why was there a difference in the number of electoral votes.
Lincoln changed the political party he associated with in his second election. Why?-
Lincoln won by more than 400,000 popular votes. He was assassinated 42 days after his inauguration. How did this event effect the country and people?

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Mud Island. Nov.26th /64

Little Honey.

I received your letter of te 12th a day or two since, and can assure you that I never felt happier in my life. I have often grumbled and complained at what I now know to have been absolutely nothing. There is an old adage to this effect that "we are unable to appreciate happiness or enjoyment until we have experienced the contry, or misfortune" and I am satisfied of its truth. I know now that I have neer been really miserable and unhappy before; that my life has been comparatively smoth and happy, portions of it, I need not designate to you which, supremely so; but when I learned of your continued bad health, and became apprehensive of sustaining that great loss, than which there can be no greater, or ore afflicting I became utterly downcast and miserable.......

Image majority. I am glad of it. It was and is no doubt the intention of both the candidates to carry on the war to the utmost length of their power. As it is, we have become somewhat used to Lincoln, and know that we are able to fight him, whereas, I was afraid that if McClelland was elected he would have been able to raise a much larger army than his opponent can. But I will not trouble you with gloomy views about the future, Little Honey; I am rather too happy in the prospect of you being in good health again, to feel much so about any outside matter. Kiss the children for me Little Darling, and continue to write frequently. I will be certain to bring you some paper when I come home.

De.

REVIEW OF CIVIL WAR LETTER

Who wrote this letter and what was the occupation?
What side of the Civil War did the writer support? Provide evidence.
What was the purpose of the letter?
What important details are provided in this letter?
What is the mental state of the writer? (ex: anger, despair, empathy, joy, sympathy)
sympathy)